



P.O. Box 22650
Lehigh Valley, PA 18002-2650
Toll Free: 800.458.1010 – Fax: 202.842.0046
Website: www.seiufunds.org

ANNUAL FUNDING NOTICE
FOR
SEIU NATIONAL INDUSTRY PENSION FUND
April 30, 2026

Introduction

This notice provides key details about your multiemployer pension plan (the “Plan”) for the plan year beginning January 1, 2025, and ending December 31, 2025 (“Plan Year”).

This is an informational notice. You do not need to respond or take any action.

This notice includes:

- Information about your Plan’s funding status.
- Details on your benefit payments guaranteed by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC), a federal insurance agency.

What if I have questions about this notice, my Plan, or my benefits?

Contact your plan administrator at:

- **Phone:** 1-800-458-1010
- **Mailing Address:** P.O. Box 22650, Lehigh Valley, PA 18002-2650
- **Email:** info@seiufunds.org

To better assist you, provide your plan administrator with the following information when you contact them:

Plan Number: 001

Plan Sponsor Name: Board of Trustees of the SEIU National Industry Pension Fund

Employer Identification Number: 52-6148540.

Physical Address:
1800 Massachusetts Ave. NW – Suite 301
Washington, DC 20036

What if I have questions about PBGC and the pension insurance program guarantees?

Visit www.pbgc.gov/prac/multiemployer for more information. For specific information about your pension plan or pension benefits, you should contact your employer or plan administrator, as PBGC does not have that information.

Federal law requires all traditional pension plans, also known as defined benefit pension plans, to provide this notice every year regardless of funding status. This notice does not mean your Plan is terminating.

How Well Funded Is Your Plan?

The law requires the Plan's administrator to explain how well the Plan is funded, using a measure called the "funded percentage." The funded percentage is calculated by dividing Plan assets by Plan liabilities. In general, the higher the percentage, the better funded the plan. The chart below shows the Plan's funded percentage for the Plan Year and the two preceding plan years. It also lists the value of the Plan's assets and liabilities for those years.

Funded Percentage

	2025 Plan Year	2024 Plan Year	2023 Plan Year
Valuation date	January 1	January 1	January 1
Funded percentage	92.8%	89.3%	86.3%
Value of assets	\$1,691,001,063	\$1,620,635,548	\$1,549,129,456
Value of liabilities	\$1,820,801,318	\$1,814,675,322	\$1,795,084,488

Year-End Fair Market Value of Assets

To provide further insight into the Plan's financial position, the chart below shows the fair market value of the Plan's assets on the last day of the Plan Year and each of the two preceding plan years as compared to the actuarial value of the Plan's assets on January 1.

- **Actuarial values (shown in the chart above)** account for market fluctuations over time. Unlike market values, actuarial values do not change daily with stock or market shifts.
- **Market values (shown in the chart below)** fluctuate based on investment performance, providing a more immediate snapshot of the plan's funding status.

Please note that the asset value as of December 31, 2025 is preliminary, and may change with the final audit.

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Fair Market Value of Assets	\$1,889,282,817	\$1,703,019,777	\$1,554,120,816

Endangered, Critical, or Critical and Declining Status

Under federal pension law, a plan's funding status determines the steps a plan must take to strengthen its finances and continue paying benefits:

- **Endangered:** The plan's funded percentage drops below 80 percent. The plan's trustees must adopt a funding improvement plan.
- **Critical:** The plan's funded percentage falls below 65 percent or meets other financial distress criteria. The plan's trustees must implement a rehabilitation plan.
- **Critical and Declining:** A plan in critical status is also designated as critical and declining if projected to become insolvent—meaning it will no longer have enough assets to pay out benefits—within 15 years (or within 20 years under a special rule). The plan's trustees must continue to implement the rehabilitation plan. The plan's sponsor may seek approval to amend the plan, including reducing current and future benefits.

The Plan was in "critical" status in the Plan Year ending December 31, 2025 because there was a funding deficiency projected for the year in the Funding Standard Account. To improve the Plan's funding situation, on November 25, 2009, the Trustees adopted a rehabilitation plan, which provides for three schedules of contribution increases, designed so that the Plan will exit the Red Zone by 2024. On November 3, 2021, the Trustees elected to extend the Rehabilitation Period by five years, from 2024 to 2029, as permitted by Section 9702 of the American Rescue Plan Act.

You may request a copy of the Plan's "rehabilitation plan" by contacting the plan administrator. You can also ask for any updates to the "rehabilitation plan," and the actuarial and financial data showing actions taken to improve the Plan's finances.

If the Plan is in endangered, critical, or critical and declining status for the plan year ending December 31, 2026, a separate notification of that status has or will be provided.

Participant and Beneficiary Information

The following chart shows the number of participants and beneficiaries covered by the Plan on the last day of the Plan Year and the two preceding plan years. The numbers for the Plan Year reflect the plan administrator's reasonable, good-faith estimate.

Number of participants and beneficiaries on the last day of the relevant plan year	Plan Year 2025	Plan Year 2024	Plan Year 2023
1. Last day of plan year	December 31	December 31	December 31
2. Participants currently employed	56,088	54,156	52,583
3. Participants and beneficiaries receiving benefits	25,225	23,344	22,783
4. Participants and beneficiaries entitled to future benefits (but not receiving benefits)	45,887	46,507	48,055
5. Total number of covered participants and beneficiaries(2+3+4)	127,200	124,007	123,421

Funding & Investment Policies

Funding Policy

Every pension plan must establish a funding policy to meet its objectives. The funding policy relates to how much money is needed to pay promised benefits. The Plan is funded by contributions made by employers pursuant to collective bargaining agreements with the unions that represent the Plan's participants. There are no employee contributions to this Plan. Once money is contributed to the Plan, the money is invested by plan officials called fiduciaries. Specific investments are made in accordance with the Plan's investment policy.

Investment Policy

Pension plans also have investment policies that provide guidelines for making investment management decisions. The Plan's investment policy is a written statement that provides the fiduciaries who are responsible for plan investments with guidelines or general instructions concerning various types or categories of investment management decisions. The investment policy of the Plan is to earn a rate of return equal to or in excess of the actuarial assumption (currently 7.00%) over a protracted period of time, recognizing the long-term nature of the Plan's assets and liabilities, while controlling risk and commensurate with market conditions. The Plan's Trustees expect the investment policy objectives to be fulfilled within the levels of risks that a prudent investor, as defined by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA"), would take under similar conditions. In order to manage these conditions, a strategy of diversification and varying asset allocations may be employed. This may include but is not limited to type of asset class, style and amount of investment managers, capitalization sizes, and correlation between investments. Invested assets are managed within the SEIU Pension Plans Master Trust, which pools and invests the assets of the defined benefit pension plans administered by the SEIU Benefit Funds Office. Plan assets shall be invested in a manner consistent with the fiduciary standards contained in ERISA, and the regulations promulgated there under and applicable federal and state laws and regulations. All transactions undertaken on behalf of the Plan must be in the sole interest of the Plan and its participants and beneficiaries.

As of the end of the Plan Year, the Plan's assets were allocated among the following investment categories as percentages of total assets:

Asset Allocations	Percentage
Public equity	<u>50.9%</u>
Private equity	<u>3.4%</u>
Investment-grade debt instruments	<u>16.5%</u>
High-yield debt instruments	<u>1.4%</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>1.0%</u>
Real Estate	<u>14.0%</u>
Other	<u>12.8%</u>

The average return on assets for the Plan Year was estimated to be 13.6%.

Right to Request a Copy of the Annual Report

Pension plans must file an annual report, called the Form 5500, with the U.S. Department of Labor. The Form 5500 includes financial and other information about these pension plans.

You can get a copy of your Plan's Form 5500:

- **Online:** Visit www.efast.dol.gov to search for your Plan's Form 5500.
- **By Mail:** Submit a written request to your plan administrator.
- **By Phone:** Call (202) 693-8673 to speak with a representative of the U.S. Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration's Public Disclosure Room.

The Form 5500 does not include personal information, such as your accrued benefits. For details about your accrued benefits, contact your plan administrator.

Summary of Rules Governing Insolvent Plans

Federal law has a number of special rules that apply to financially troubled multiemployer plans that become insolvent, either as ongoing plans or plans terminated by mass withdrawal. The plan administrator is required by law to include a summary of these rules in the annual funding notice. A plan is insolvent for a plan year if its available financial resources are not sufficient to pay benefits when due for that plan year. An insolvent plan must reduce benefit payments to the highest level that can be paid from the plan's available resources. If such resources are not enough to pay benefits at the level specified by law (see Benefit Payments Guaranteed by PBGC, below), the plan must apply to PBGC for financial assistance. PBGC will loan the plan the amount necessary to pay benefits at the guaranteed level. Reduced benefits may be restored if the plan's financial condition improves.

A plan that becomes insolvent must provide prompt notice of its status to participants and beneficiaries, contributing employers, labor unions representing participants, and PBGC. In addition, participants and beneficiaries also must receive information regarding whether, and how, their benefits will be reduced or affected, including loss of a lump sum option.

Benefit Payments Guaranteed by PBGC

Only vested benefits—those that you've earned and cannot forfeit—are guaranteed.

What PBGC Guarantees

PBGC guarantees "basic benefits" including:

- Pension benefits at normal retirement age.
- Most early retirement benefits.
- Annuity benefits for survivors of plan participants.
- Disability benefits for disabilities that occurred before the earlier of the date the plan terminated or the sponsor's bankruptcy date.

What PBGC Does Not Guarantee

PBGC does not guarantee certain types of benefits, including:

- A participant's pension benefit or benefit increase until it has been part of the plan for 60 full months. Any month in which the multiemployer plan was insolvent or terminated due to mass withdrawal does not count toward this 60-month requirement.
- Any benefits above the normal retirement benefit.
- Disability benefits in non-pay status.
- Non-pension benefits, such as health insurance, life insurance, death benefits, vacation pay, or severance pay.

Determining Guarantee Amounts

The maximum benefit PBGC guarantees is set by law. Your plan is covered by PBGC's multiemployer program. The maximum PBGC guarantee is \$35.75 per month, multiplied by a participant's years of credited service.

PBGC guarantees a monthly benefit based on the plan's monthly benefit accrual rate and your years of credited service. The guarantee is calculated as follows:

1. Take 100 percent of the first \$11 of the Plan's monthly benefit accrual rate.
2. Take 75 percent of the next \$33 of the accrual rate.
3. Add both amounts together.
4. Multiply the total by your years of credited service to determine your guaranteed monthly benefit.

Example 1: Participant with a Monthly \$600 Benefit and 10 Years of Service.

1. Find the accrual rate: $\$600/10 = \60 accrual rate.
2. Apply PBGC formula:
 - a. Take 100 percent of the first \$11 = \$11
 - b. Take 75 percent of the next \$33 = \$24.75
3. Add the two amounts together: $\$11 + \$24.75 = \$35.75$
4. Multiply by years of credited service: $\$35.75 \times 10 \text{ years} = \357.50

In this example, the participant's guaranteed monthly benefit is \$357.50.

Example 2: Participant with a \$200 Monthly Benefit and 10 Years of Service.

1. Find the accrual rate: $\$200/10 = \20 accrual rate.
2. Apply PBGC formula:
 - a. Take 100 percent of the first \$11 = \$11
 - b. Take 75 percent of the next \$9 = \$6.75
3. Add the two amounts together: $\$11 + \$6.75 = \$17.75$
4. Multiply by years of credited service: $\$17.75 \times 10 \text{ years} = \177.50

In this example, the participant's guaranteed monthly benefit is \$177.50